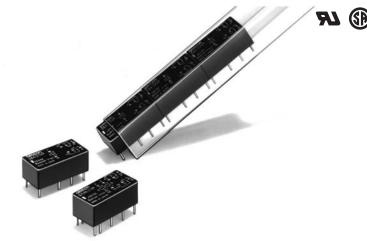


# World's Standard Model G6A!

- · Resistant to electromagnetic interference, enables high-density mounting.
- Impulse withstand voltage of 1,500V meets FCC requirements.
- · Gold-clad twin-contacts provide short contact bounce in addition to its high contact reliability.
- · A variety of products that cover a wide range of use.

**RoHS Compliant** 



### Model Number Legend

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

#### 1. Relay Function

- None : Single-side stable
- : Single-winding latching U
- : Double-winding latching Κ
- 2. Contact Form
- 2: DPDT (2c)
- 3. Contact Type
- 7: Bifurcated crossbar Ag (Au-Alloy)
- 4. Protective Structure
- 4: Fully sealed

### Ordering Information

- 5. Terminal Shape
- P: PCB Terminals

#### 6. Classification None : Standard

- ST : Stand-off 0.64 mm
- : High-sensitivity (150 mW) 15
- : Low-sensitivity 40
  - (Single-side Stable: 400 mW Double-winding Latching: 300 mW)

#### 7. Approved Standards

- None : Standard
- US : UL, CSA

### Application Examples

### • Telecommunication equipment

- · Security equipment
- Test & measurement equipment

Relay Function	Classification	Contact form	Model	Rated coil voltage (VDC)	Minimum packing unit
	Standard		G6A-274P-ST-US	3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24	
	Stanuaru		G0A-274F-51-05	48	
Single-side Stable			G6A-274P-ST40-US	3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24	
Туре	Low-sensitivity		G6A-274P-5140-05	48	
	High-sensitivity		G6A-274P-ST15-US	3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24	
			G6A-274P-5115-05	48	05 pag/tuba
Single-winding	o	DPDT (2c)		3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24	25 pcs/tube
Latching Type	Standard		G6AU-274P-ST-US	48	
	Ctondord			3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24	
Double-winding	Standard		G6AK-274P-ST-US	48	
Latching Type	1			3, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24	
	Low-sensitivity		G6AK-274P-ST40-US	48	

Note: When ordering, add the rated coil voltage to the model number. Example: G6A-274P-ST-US <u>3 VDC</u>

Rated coil voltage

G

6

Α

### Ratings

#### Coil: Single-side Stable (Standard Models)

Contact form	Rated voltage	ted voltage Rated current	Coil resistance	Must operate voltage (V)	Must release voltage (V)	Max. voltage (V)	Power consumption (mW)
		(mA)	(Ω)		% of rated voltage		(111VV)
	3 VDC	66.7	45				
	4.5 VDC	44.6	101	- 70% max.	10% min.	200% (at 23°C)	Approx. 200
	5 VDC	40.0	125				
	6 VDC	33.3	180				
DPDT (2c)	9 VDC	22.2	405				
	12 VDC	16.7	720	-			
	24 VDC	8.3	2,880				
	48 VDC	4.9	9,750				Approx. 235

Note 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C with a tolerance of ±10%.

2. Operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C.

3. The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

#### Coil: Single-side Stable (Low-sensitivity Models)

Contact form	Rated voltage	Rated current (mA)		Must operate voltage (V)	Must release voltage (V)	Max. voltage (V)	Power consumption (mW)	
		(IIIA)	(Ω)		% of rated voltage			
	3 VDC	133.3	22.5					
	5 VDC	80	62.5	70% max.	10% min.	150% (at 23°C)	Approx. 400	
	6 VDC	66.7	90					
DPDT (2c)	9 VDC	44.3	203					
	12 VDC	33.3	360					
	24 VDC	16.7	1,440					
	48 VDC	8.3	5,760					

Note 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C with a tolerance of ±10%.

2. Operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C.

3. The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

#### Coil: Single-side Stable (High-sensitivity Models)

Contact form	Rated voltage	Rated current		Must operate voltage (V)	Must release voltage (V)	Max. voltage (V)	Power consumption
		(mA)	(Ω)		% of rated voltage		(mW)
	3 VDC	50	60				
	4.5 VDC	33.3	135	- 80% max.	10% min.	200% (at 23°C)	Approx. 150
	5 VDC	30	167				
	6 VDC	25	240				
DPDT (2c)	9 VDC	16.7	540				
	12 VDC	12.5	960				
	24 VDC	6.3	3,840				
	48 VDC	3.2	15,000				

Note 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C with a tolerance of ±10%.

Operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C.
The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

#### Coil: Single-winding Latching

Contact form	Rated voltage	Rated current	Coil resistance	Set voltage (V)	Reset voltage (V)	Max. voltage (V)	Power consumption
Contact Ionn	Trated Voltage	(mA)	(Ω)		% of rated voltage		(mW)
	3 VDC	33.7	89		70% max.	200% (at 23°C)	
	5 VDC	20	250	70% max.			Approx. 100
	6 VDC	16.7	360				
DPDT (2c)	9 VDC	11.1	810				
	12 VDC	8.3	1,440				
	24 VDC	4.2	5,760				
	48 VDC	2.5	19,000				Approx. 120

Note 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C with a tolerance of ±10%.

2. Operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C.

3. The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

#### Coil: Double-winding Latching (Standard Models)

Contact form	Rated voltage	Rated current	Coil resistance	Set voltage (V)	Reset voltage (V)	Max. voltage (V)	Power consumption
Contact Ionn	naleu vollage	(mA)	(Ω)		% of rated voltage		(mW)
	3 VDC	66.7	45				Approx. 200
	4.5 VDC	40.2	112	70% max.	70% max.	200% (at 23°C)	
	5 VDC	36	139				
DPDT (2c)	6 VDC	30	200				Approx. 180
DFDT (20)	9 VDC	20	450				Applox. 160
	12 VDC	15	800				
	24 VDC	7.5	3,200				
	48 VDC	4.2	11,520				Approx. 200

Note 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C with a tolerance of ±10%.

2. Operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C.
3. The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

#### •Coil: Double-winding Latching (Low-sensitivity Models)

Contact form	Rated voltage	Rated current	Coil resistance	Set voltage (V)	Reset voltage (V)	Max. voltage (V)	Power consumption
Contact Ionn	Haled Vollage	(mA)	(Ω)		% of rated voltage		
	3 VDC	120	25				
	4.5 VDC	79.9	56.3	70% max.	70% max.	150% (at 23°C)	
	5 VDC	72.5	69				
DPDT (2c)	6 VDC	60	100				Approx 260
DFD1 (20)	9 VDC	40	225				Approx. 360
	12 VDC	30	400				
	24 VDC	15	1,600				
	48 VDC	7.5	6,400				

Note 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of  $23^{\circ}$ C with a tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$ .

Operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C.
The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

#### Contacts

Load	Resistive load	Inductive load $\begin{pmatrix} \cos\phi = 0.4; \\ L/R = 7 \text{ ms} \end{pmatrix}$		
Contact type	Bifurcated	d crossbar		
Contact material	Ag (Au-Alloy) contact			
Rated load	0.5 A at 125 VAC; 2 A at 30 VDC	0.3 A at 125 VAC; 1 A at 30 VDC		
Rated carry current	3 A			
Max. switching voltage	250 VAC, 220 VDC			
Max. switching current	2 A	1 A		

### ■Characteristics

Item		Classification	Single-side Stable	Single-winding Latching	Double-winding Latching			
Contact r	esistance *1	1		50 m $\Omega$ max.				
Operate (set) time			5 ms max.	5 ms max. 5 ms max.				
Release	(reset) time		3 ms max.	5 ms	max.			
Min. set/r	eset signal	width	-	10	ms			
nsulatior	n resistance	*2	1,0	00 M $\Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC); except for set-re	eset			
	Between co	oil and contacts		1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min				
Dielectric strength	Between contacts of the same polarity			1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min				
	Between contacts of different polarity			1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min				
	Between set and reset coils		-	_	250 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min			
mpulse v	withstand vo	ltage	1,500 V (10 × 160 μs) (conforms to FCC Part 68)					
/ibration	De	estruction	10 to 55 to 1	10 to 55 to 10 Hz, 2.5 mm single amplitude (5 mm double amplitude)				
resistanc	e Ma	alfunction	10 to 55 to 10 Hz, 1.65 mm single amplitude (3.3 mm double amplitude)					
Shock	De	estruction		1,000 m/s²				
resistanc	e Ma	alfunction	500 m/s <sup>2</sup>	300 m/s <sup>2</sup>				
Durability	, Me	echanical	100,0	00,000 operations min. (at 36,000 operatio	ons/hr)			
DuraDility		ectrical	50	0,000 operations min. (at 1,800 operations/hr)				
Failure ra	ate (P level)	*3	10 µA at 10 m VDC					
Ambient	operating te	mperature	-40°C to 70°C (with no icing or no condenstion)					
Ambient	operating hu	umidity		5% to 85%				
Weight				Approx. 3.5 g				

Note: The data shown above are initial values.

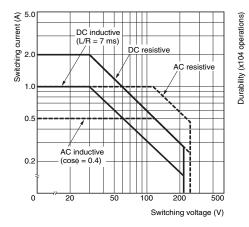
\*1. The contact resistance was measured with 10 mA at 1 VDC with a voltage drop method.

\*2. The insulation resistance was measured with a 500 VDC megohmmeter applied to the same parts as those used for checking the dielectric strength (except between the set and reset coil).

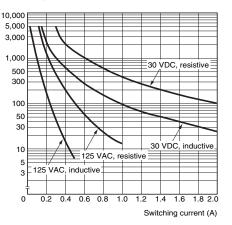
\*3. This value was measured at a switching frequency of 60 operations/min. This value may vary, depending on switching frequency, operating conditions, expected reliability level of the relay, etc. It is always recommended to double-check relay suitability under actual load conditions.

## Engineering Data

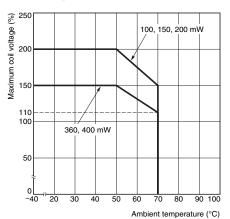
#### Maximum Switching Power



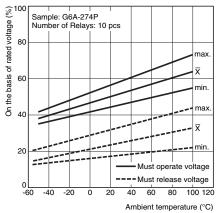
#### •Durability



•Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Coil Voltage

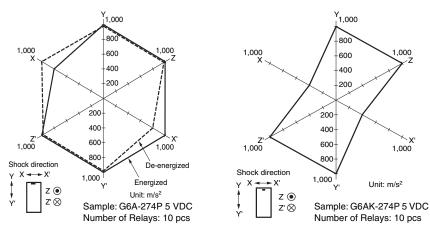


•Ambient Temperature vs. Must Operate or Must Release Voltage



Note: "Maximum voltage" is the maximum voltage that can be applied to the Relay coil.

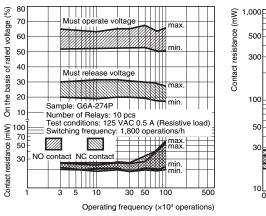
#### •Shock Malfunction G6A-274P



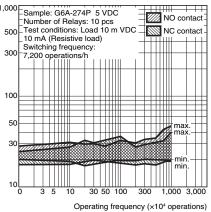
G6AK-274P

Test Conditions: Shock is applied in  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ , and  $\pm Z$  directions three times each with and without energizing the Relays to check the number of contact malfunctions.

#### Electrical Durability Test \*1



#### Contact Reliability Test \*1, \*2



The tests were conducted at an ambient temperature of 23°C. \*1. \*2. The contact resistance data are periodically measured reference values and are not values from each monitoring operation. Contact resistance values will vary according to the switching frequency and operating environment, so be sure to check operation under the actual operating conditions before use.

> (%) +10

> > +5

0

\_5

0

on the I value ('

Change rate or basis of initial v

(%) +10

rate on the initial value ( +5

Change r basis of i \_5

Sample

Sample

Must operate voltage

Test

Test

×

Average value

..... - X

Average value

---- Must release voltage

Initial stage

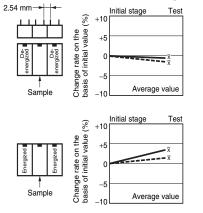
Initial stage

G6A-274P

2.54 mm

#### Mutual Magnetic Interference G6A-274P



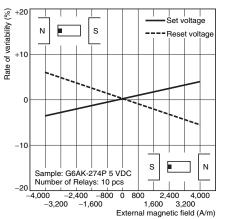


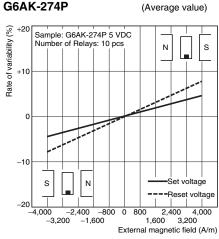
#### External Magnetic Interference G6AK-274P

(Average value)

Must operate voltage

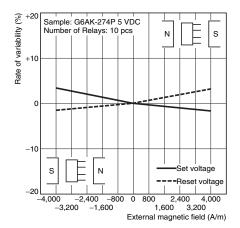
---- Must release voltage





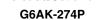


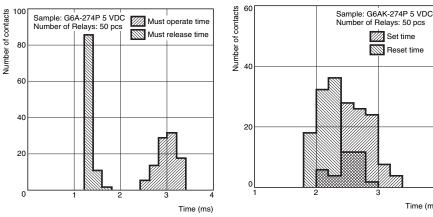
#### (Average value)



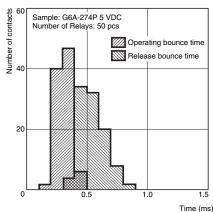
#### ●Time distribution of Operating and Release/Set and Reset \*1

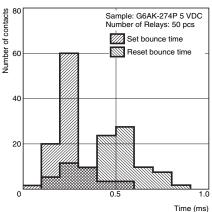
#### G6A-274P





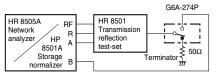
Bounce Time distribution of Operating and Release/Set and Reset \*1 G6A-274P G6AK-274P





Time (ms)

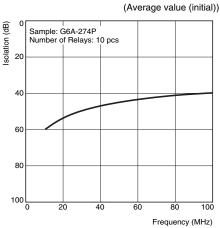
#### High-frequency Characteristics Measurement Conditions



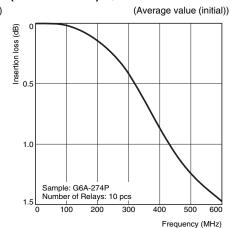
Terminals which were not being measured were terminated with 50  $\ensuremath{\Omega}.$ Measuring impedance: 50  $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ 

Note: The high-frequency characteristics data were measured using a dedicated circuit board and actual values will vary depending on the usage conditions. Check the characteristics of the actual equipment being used.

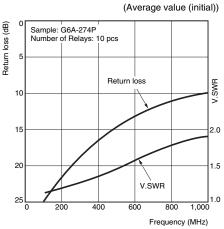
#### High-frequency Characteristics (Isolation) \*1, \*2



#### High-frequency Characteristics (Insertion Loss) \*1, \*2



#### High-frequency Characteristics (Return Loss, V.SWR) \*1, \*2



The tests were conducted at an ambient temperature of 23°C. \*1.

\*2. High-frequency characteristics depend on the PCB to which the Relay is mounted. Always check these characteristics, including durability, in the actual machine before use.

# G6A

**Terminal Arrangement/** 

6

=8

Internal Connections

(BOTTOM VIEW)

13

Relay.

Note: Check carefully the

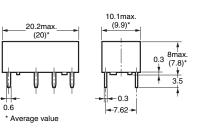
coil polarity of the

16

## Dimensions

#### Single-side stable G6A-274P





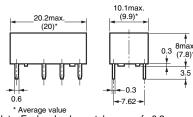
Note: Each value has a tolerance of ±0.3 mm.

#### Single-winding latching G6AU-274P



**Double-winding latching** 

G6AK-274P



Note: Each value has a tolerance of ±0.3 mm.

20.2max (20)\*

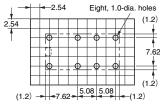
10.1max.

(9.9)\*

0.3

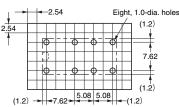
-7.62

#### PCB Mounting Holes (BOTTOM VIEW) Tolerance: ±0.1

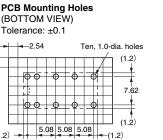


Note: Orientation marks are indicated as follows:

#### PCB Mounting Holes (BOTTOM VIEW) Tolerance: ±0.1



Note: Orientation marks are indicated as follows: []]  $\boxtimes$ 



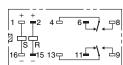
(1.2) 2.54 Note: Orientation marks are indicated as follows:

#### Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (BOTTOM VIEW)



Note: Check carefully the coil polarity of the Relay.

#### Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (BOTTOM VIEW)



Note: Check carefully the coil polarity of the Relay.

#### 0.6 Average value Note: Each value has a tolerance of ±0.3 mm.

Approved Standards

A variety of UL/CSA approved models are available. Note that the ratings are different from the domestic standard products.

Make sure to clearly indicate "OO standard approved model" when ordering.

### UL Recognized: 🔊 (File No. E41515) CSA Certified: (File No. LR31928)

0,3 8max

3.5

Classifica	tion	Contact form	Coil ratings	Model	Contact ratings	Number of test operations	
Single-side stable Latching		DPDT (2c)			0.6 A, 125 VAC at 40°C 2 A, 30 VAC at 40°C 0.6 A. 110 VAC at 40°C	6,000	
Low-sensi	tivity			G6A(K)-274P-ST40-US	0.0 A, 110 VAC at 40 C		
High-sens	itivity			G6A-274P-ST15-US			

G 6 A



### Precautions

#### ●Please refer to "PCB Relays Common Precautions" for correct use.

#### Correct Use

#### •Long-term Continuously ON Contacts

Using the Relay in a circuit where the Relay will be ON continuously for long periods (without switching) can lead to unstable contacts because the heat generated by the coil itself will affect the insulation, causing a film to develop on the contact surfaces. We recommend using a latching relay

(magnetic-holding relay) in this kind of circuit. If a single-side stable model must be used in this kind of circuit, we recommend using a fail-safe circuit design that provides protection against contact failure or coil burnout.

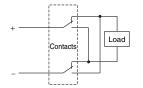
#### Relay Handling

When washing the product after soldering the Relay to a PCB, use a water-based solvent or alcohol-based solvent, and keep the solvent temperature to less than 40°C. Do not put the Relay in a cold cleaning bath immediately after soldering.

#### Double-switching load in two poles

Double-switching in two poles as shown in the figure below, one pole and two pole interval may become MBB (Make Before Break) mechanically according to the timing of the point of contact switching (By the short-circuit mode), and the malfunction might be caused.

In such a circuit, direct electric switching should be avoided, and concern for contact to be carried after the contact of Relay absolutely switches in condition of no load.



Application examples provided in this document are for reference only. In actual applications, confirm equipment functions and safety before using the product.
Consult your OMRON representative before using the product under conditions which are not described in the manual or applying the product to nuclear control systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicles, combustion systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, safety equipment, and other systems or equipment that may have a serious influence on lives and property if used improperty. Make sure that the ratings and performance characteristics of the product provide a margin of safety for the system or equipment, and be sure to provide the system or equipment with double safety mechanisms.

Note: Do not use this document to operate the Unit.

OMRON Corporation Electronic and Mechanical Components Company

Contact: www.omron.com/ecb

Cat. No. K020-E1-11 1014(0207)(O)